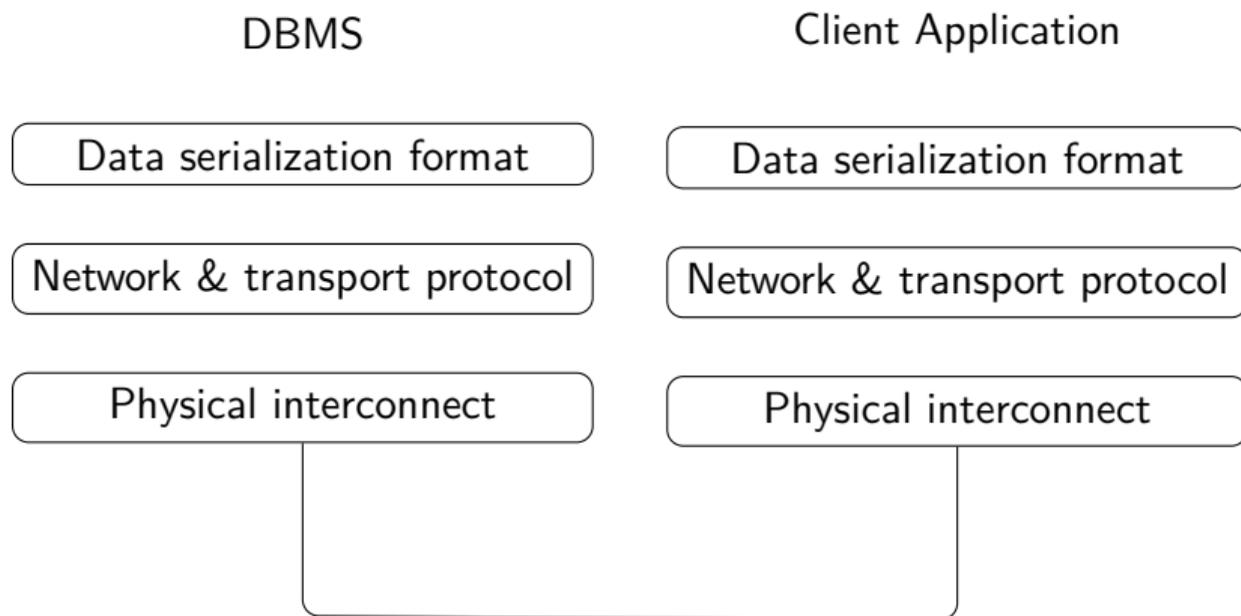


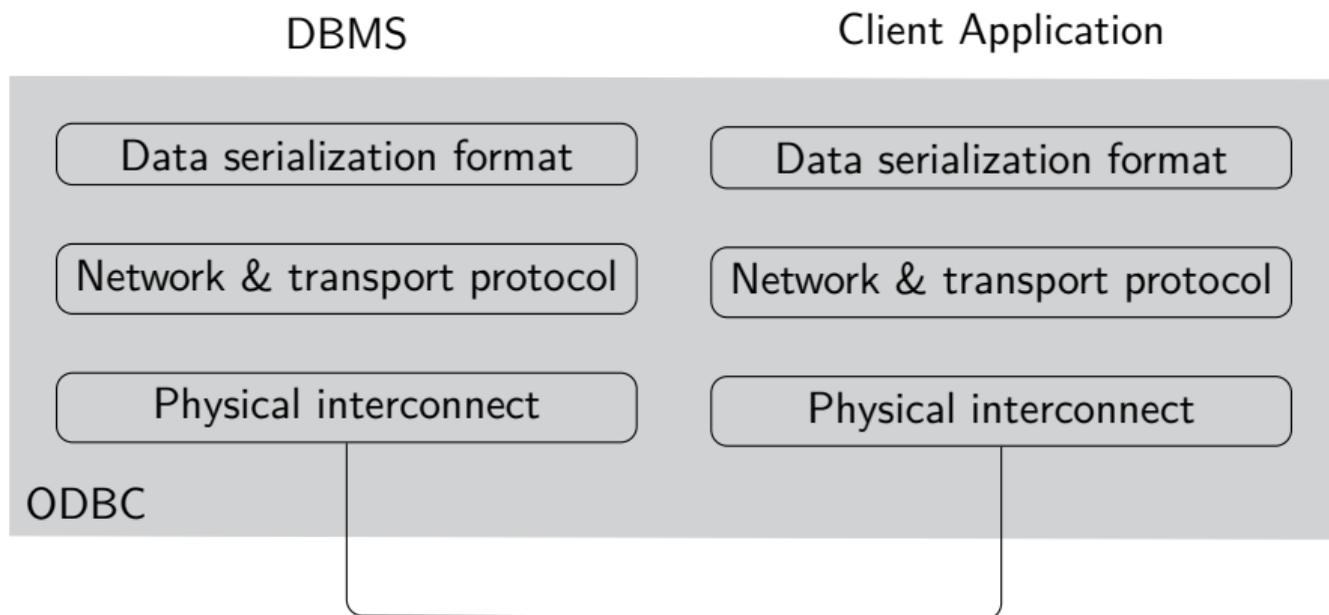
Low-Latency Communication for Fast DBMS Using RDMA and Shared Memory

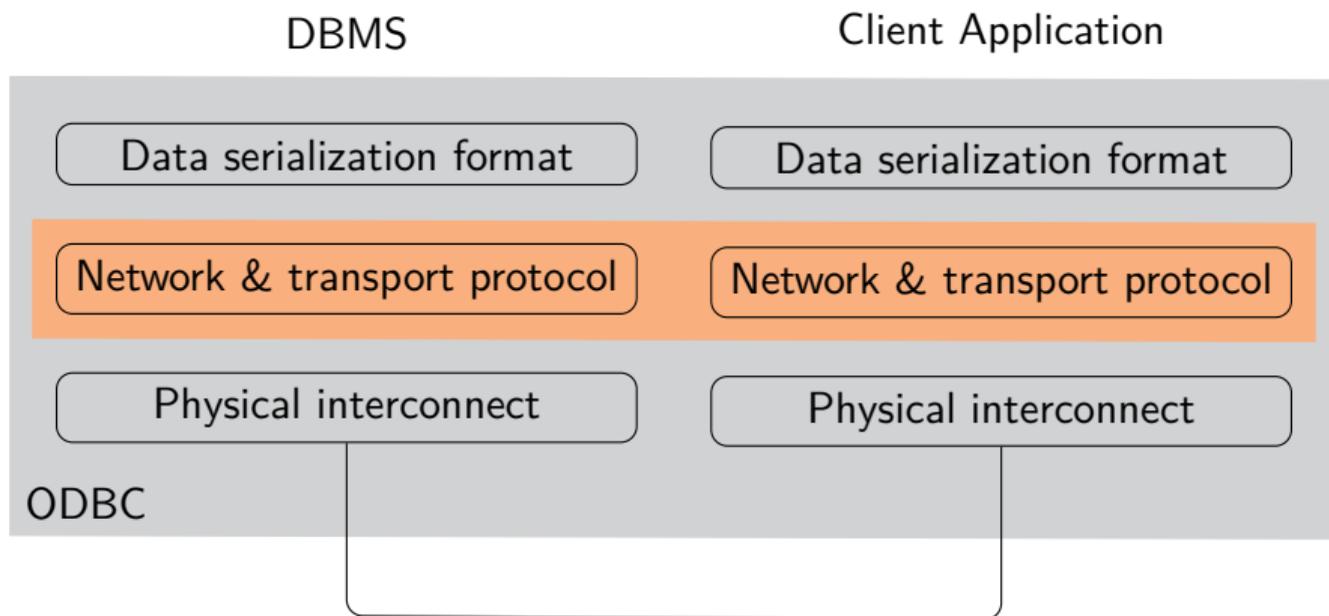
Philipp Fent, Alexander van Renen, Andreas Kipf,
Viktor Leis*, Thomas Neumann, Alfons Kemper

Technische Universität München,
Friedrich-Schiller-Universität Jena*

April 23, 2020







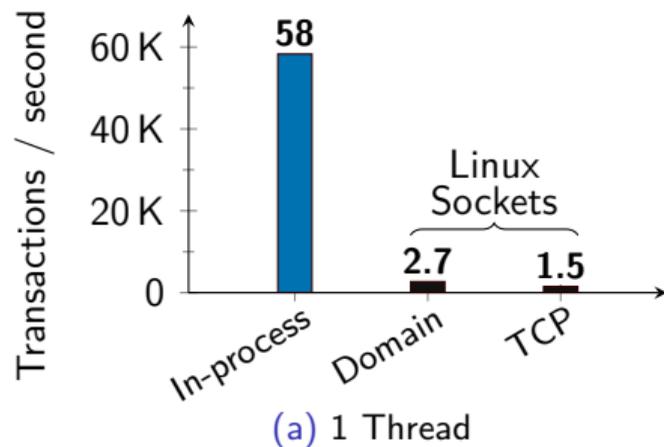


Figure: TPC-C throughput using Silo

Communication Performance

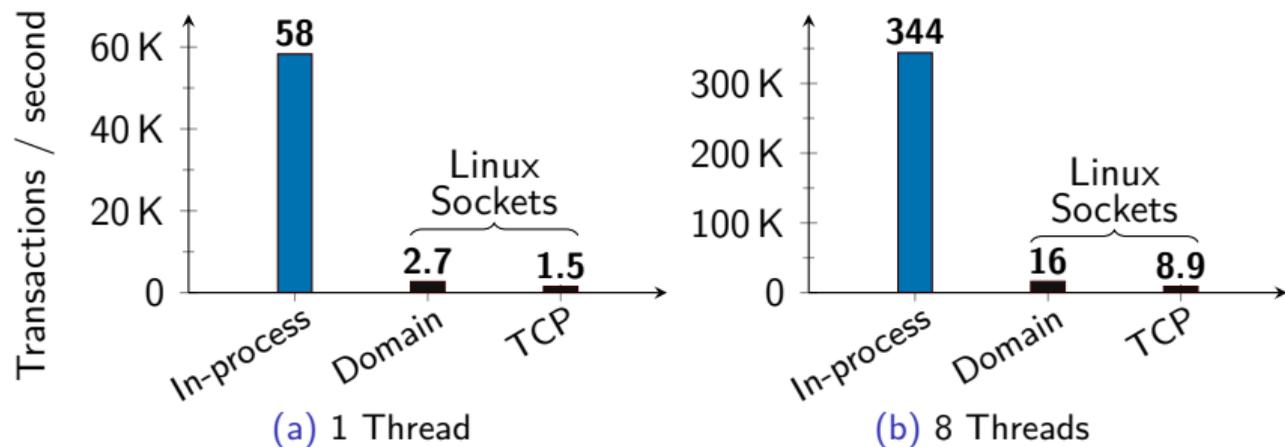


Figure: TPC-C throughput using Silo

Understanding the Bottleneck

- Misconception: Network is slow

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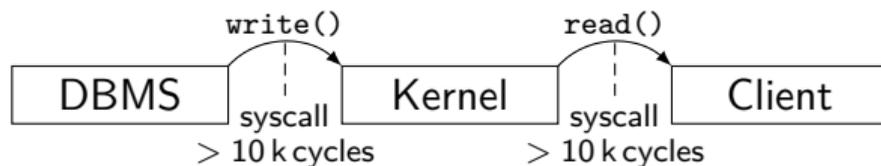


Figure: Kernel based communication

Understanding the Bottleneck

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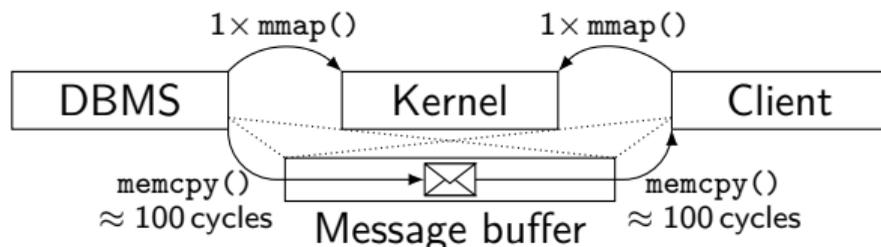


Figure: Direct memory access

Low-Latency Communication Using Shared Memory

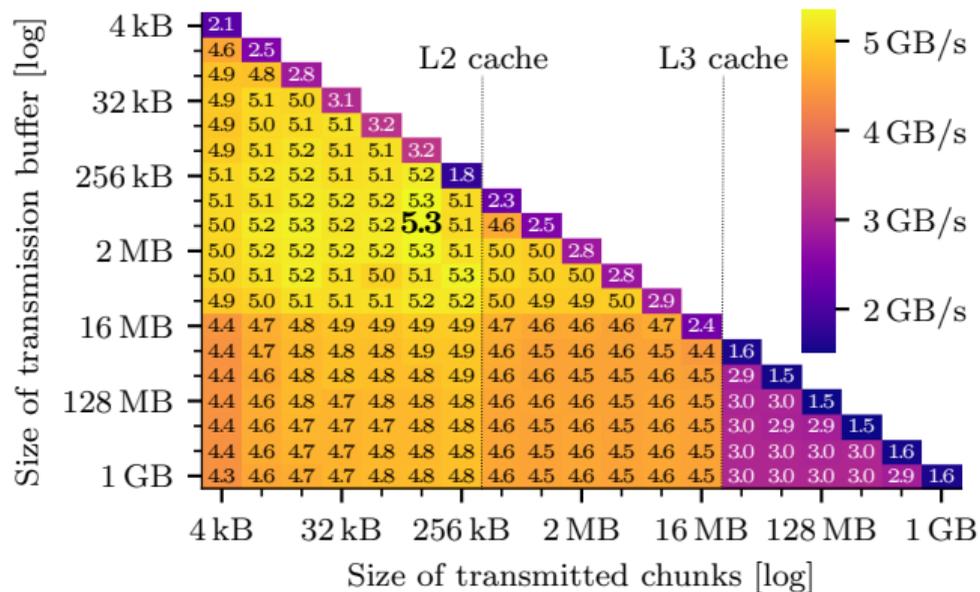
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- Latency similar to embedded DBs, e.g. SQLite
- Ideal interconnect for container / Docker environment

Low-Latency Communication Using Shared Memory

- Co-hosted on the same machine
- Latency similar to embedded DBs, e.g. SQLite
- Ideal interconnect for container / Docker environment
- Bootstrapped via Domain Sockets
 - Pass message buffer via cmsg ancillary data
- Ringbuffer with polling to transfer serialized data

Low-Latency Communication Using Shared Memory

Available bandwidth depends on transmission parameters

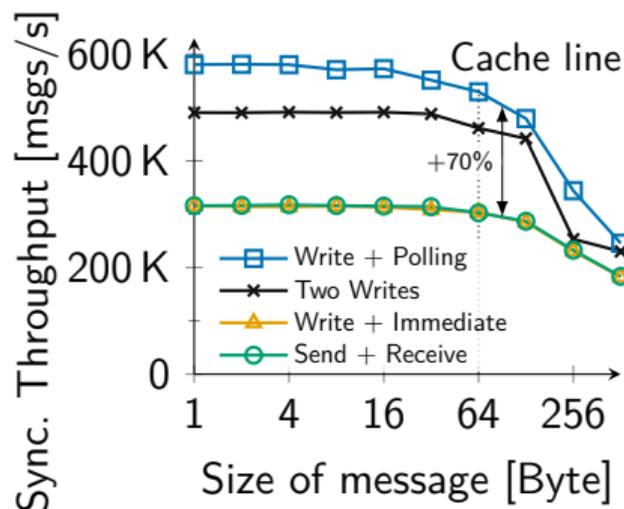


Low-Latency Communication Using RDMA

- Co-located in the same datacenter
- Bootstrapped via regular TCP/IP
- Similar ringbuffer as with Shared Memory

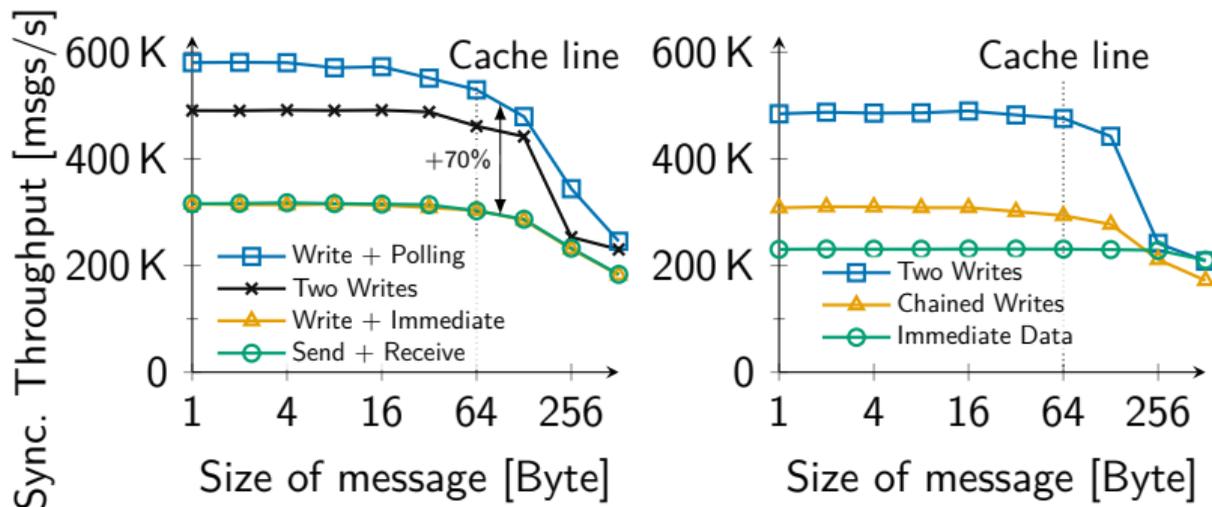
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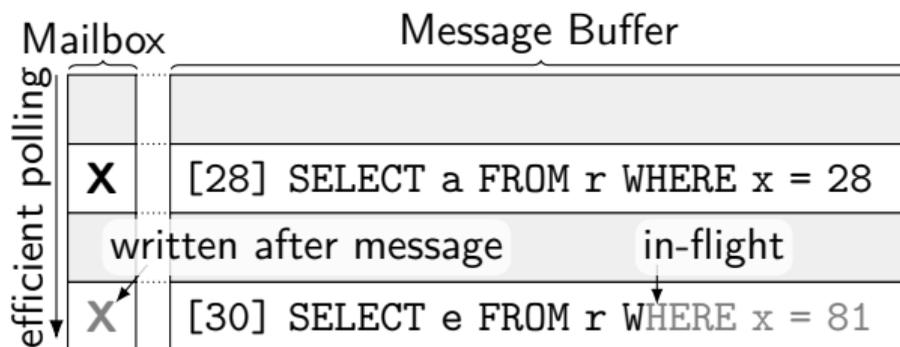


Low-Latency Communication Using RDMA

- Asymmetric connections
- Many message buffers → random accesses for polling

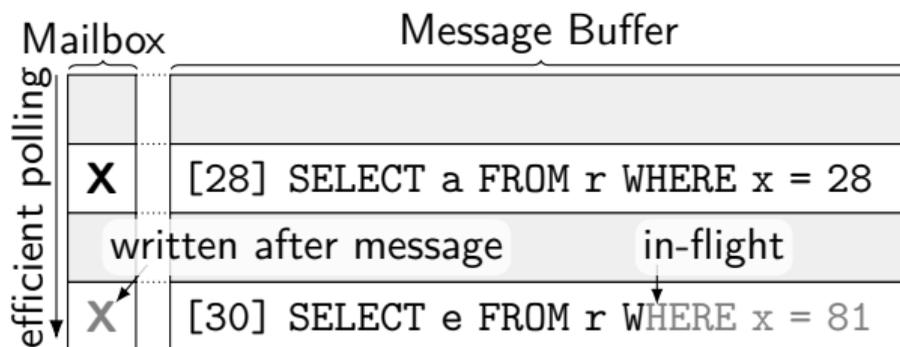
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 - Two writes to separate memory regions



Low-Latency Communication Using RDMA

- Asymmetric connections
- Many message buffers → random accesses for polling
- Cache efficient mailbox polling
 - Two writes to separate memory regions
- Scales up to the limit of RDMA's reliable connections



Local YCSB-C

[sync. tx/s]	TCP	SHM	NP	DS	RDMA
Silo + L5	50.5 K	685 K	—	72.1 K	364 K
DBMS X	7.56 K	11.5 K	11.5 K	—	—
MySQL	10.0 K	45.9 K	27.6 K	—	—
SQLite	—	378 K	—	—	—

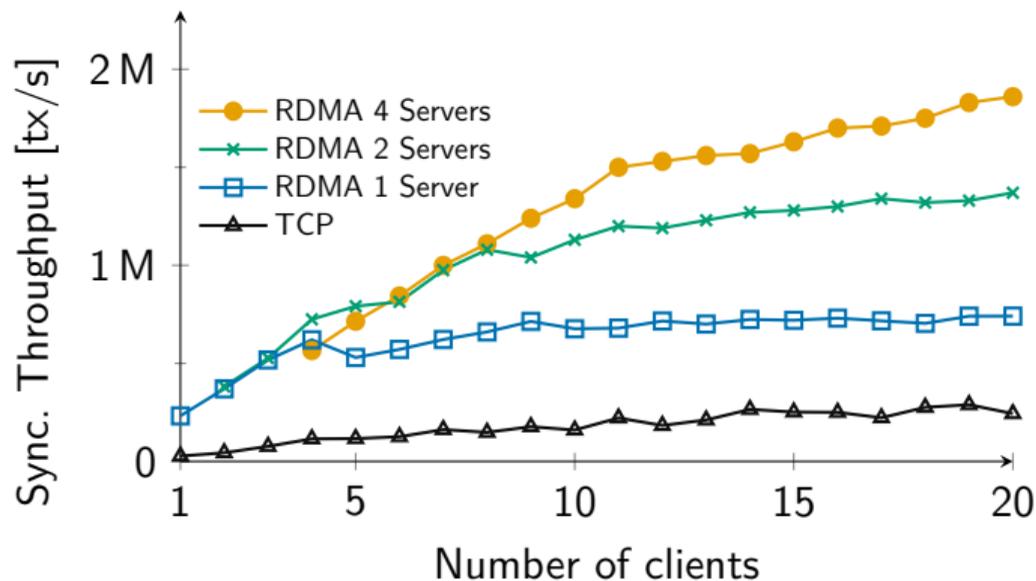
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SQLite	—	378 K	—	—	—

Remote YCSB-C

[sync. tx/s]	1 G Eth	56 G IB	RDMA
Silo + L5	15 K	27 K	302 K
DBMS X	3.1 K	3.7 K	—
MySQL	7.1 K	8.0 K	—
PostgreSQL	6.3 K	7.5 K	—

Results – Scale Out



Conclusion

- **L5** – **L**ow-**L**evel, **L**ow-**L**atency **L**ibrary
<https://github.com/pfent/L5RDMA>
- Shared Memory and RDMA bring OLTP performance to clients
- fent@in.tum.de

