

# Query Optimization: Exercise

## Session 3

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# Homework

## Exercise 1

$$\sigma_{p_1}(R_1 \bowtie_{p_2} R_2) = \sigma_{p_1}(R_1) \bowtie_{p_2} R_2 \text{ if } \mathcal{F}(p_1) \subseteq \mathcal{A}(R_1)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Let } t \in \sigma_{p_1}(R_1 \bowtie_{p_2} R_2) & \Leftrightarrow t \in (R_1 \bowtie_{p_2} R_2) \text{ and } p_1 \text{ holds for } t \\
 & \Leftrightarrow \exists t_1 \in R_1, t_2 \in R_2 \text{ s.t. } t = t_1 \circ t_2 \wedge p_1(t) \wedge p_2(t) \\
 \mathcal{F}(p_1) \subseteq \mathcal{A}(R_1) & \Leftrightarrow \exists t_1 \in R_1, t_2 \in R_2 \text{ s.t. } t = t_1 \circ t_2 \wedge p_1(t_1) \wedge p_2(t) \\
 & \Leftrightarrow \exists t_1 \in \sigma_{p_1}(R_1), t_2 \in R_2 \text{ s.t. } t = t_1 \circ t_2 \wedge p_2(t) \\
 & \Leftrightarrow t \in \sigma_{p_1}(R_1) \bowtie_{p_2} R_2
 \end{aligned}$$

- ▶  $\sigma_{p_1}(R_1 \bowtie_{p_2} R_2) = \sigma_{p_1}(R_1) \bowtie_{p_2} R_2$  if  $\mathcal{F}(p_1) \subseteq \mathcal{A}(R_1)$ : similar
- ▶  $\sigma_{p_1}(R_1 \bowtie_{p_2} R_2) \neq \sigma_{p_1}(R_1) \bowtie_{p_2} R_2$  if  $\mathcal{F}(p_1) \subseteq \mathcal{A}(R_1)$ : Let  $R_1 = \emptyset$
- ▶  $\sigma_{p_1}(R_1 \bowtie_{p_2} R_2) \neq \sigma_{p_1}(R_1) \bowtie_{p_2} R_2$  if  $\mathcal{F}(p_1) \subseteq \mathcal{A}(R_1)$ : Let  $R_1 = \emptyset$

## Exercise 2

We know  $|R_1|$ ,  $|R_2|$ , domains of  $R_1.x$ ,  $R_2.y$ , (that is,  $|R_1.x|$ ,  $|R_2.y|$ ), and whether  $x$  and  $y$  are keys or not.

The selectivity of  $\sigma_{R_1.x=c}$  is...

- ▶ if  $x$  is the key:  $\frac{1}{|R_1|}$
- ▶ if  $x$  is not the key:  $\frac{1}{|R_1.x|}$

We know  $|R_1|$ ,  $|R_2|$ ,  $|R_1.x|$ ,  $|R_2.y|$ , and whether  $x$  and  $y$  are keys or not.

First, the size of  $R_1 \times R_2$  is  $|R_1||R_2|$

The selectivity of  $\bowtie_{R_1.x=R_2.y}$  is...

- ▶ if both  $x$  and  $y$  are the keys:  $\frac{1}{\max(|R_1|, |R_2|)}$
- ▶ if only  $x$  is the key:  $\frac{1}{|R_1|}$
- ▶ if both  $x$  and  $y$  are not the keys:  $\frac{1}{\max(|R_1.x|, |R_2.y|)}$

## Exercise 3

- ▶  $|R| = 1,000$  pages,  $|S| = 100,000$  pages
- ▶ 1 page = 50 tuples, 1 block = 100 pages
- ▶ avg. access = 10 ms, transfer speed = 10,000 pages/sec
- ▶ Time for (blockwise) nested loops join?

# Selectivity estimation

We know  $|R_1|$ ,  $\max(R_1.x)$ ,  $\min(R_1.x)$ ,  $R_1.x$  is arithmetic.

The selectivity of  $\sigma_{R_1.x > c}$  is  $\frac{\max(R_1.x) - c}{\max(R_1.x) - \min(R_1.x)}$

The selectivity of  $\sigma_{c_1 < R_1.x < c_2}$  is  $\frac{c_2 - c_1}{\max(R_1.x) - \min(R_1.x)}$

# Homework

- ▶ Give the query graphs for the two queries from Exercise 1
- ▶ Give an example query where the optimal join tree (using  $C_{out}$ ) is bushy and contains a cross product
- ▶ based on the parser you built in exercise 1, implement canonical translation for tinydb

- ▶ Slides and exercises: [db.in.tum.de/teaching/ws1718/queryopt](http://db.in.tum.de/teaching/ws1718/queryopt)
- ▶ Send any questions, comments, solutions to exercises etc. to [radke@in.tum.de](mailto:radke@in.tum.de)
- ▶ Exercise due: 9 AM, November 13